(b) Sections 171.140, 171.145, 171.150, and 171.155 apply to each vessel under 100 gross tons.

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51017, Nov. 4, 1983, as amended by CGD 85-080, 61 FR 945, Jan. 10, 1996; 62 FR 51354, Sept. 30, 1997]

§171.135 Weather deck drainage on a vessel of 100 gross tons or more.

The weather deck must have freeing ports, open rails, and scuppers, as necessary, to allow rapid clearing of water under all weather conditions.

§ 171.140 Drainage of a flush deck vessel.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the weather deck on a flush deck vessel must be watertight and have no obstruction to overboard drainage.
- (b) Each vessel with a flush deck may have solid bulwarks in the forward onethird length of the vessel if—
- The bulwarks do not form a well enclosed on all sides; and
- (2) The foredeck of the vessel has sufficient sheer to ensure drainage aft.

[CGD 85-080, 62 FR 51354, Sept. 30, 1997]

§171.145 Drainage of a vessel with a cockpit.

- (a) Except as follows, the cockpit must be watertight:
- (1) A cockpit may have companionways if they comply with §171.124(d).
- (2) A cockpit may have ventilation openings along its inner periphery if—
- (i) The vessel operates only on protected or partially protected waters;
- (ii) The ventilation openings are located as high as possible in the side of the cockpit; and
- (iii) The height of the ventilation opening does not exceed 2 inches (5 centimeters).
- (b) The cockpit must be designed to be self-bailing.
- (c) Scuppers installed in a cockpit must be located to allow rapid clearing of water in all probable conditions of list and trim.
- (d) Scuppers must have a combined area of at least the area given by either of the following equations:

A=0.1(D) square inches. A=6.94(D) square centimeters.

Where—

- A = the combined area of the scuppers in square inches (square centimeters).
- D = the area of the cockpit in square feet (square meters).
- (e) The cockpit deck of a vessel that operates on exposed or partially protected waters must be at least 10 inches (24.5 centimeters) above the deepest subdivision load line, unless the vessel complies with—
- (1) The intact stability requirements of §171.150;
- (2) The Type II subdivision requirements in \$171.070, 171.072, and 171.073; and
- (3) The damage stability requirements in §171.080.
- (f) The cockpit deck of all vessels that do not operate on exposed or partially protected waters must be located as high above the deepest subdivision load line as practicable.

[CGD 85-080, 62 FR 51354, Sept. 30, 1997]

§ 171.150 Drainage of a vessel with a well deck.

- (a) Each well deck on a vessel must be watertight.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, the area required for freeing ports in the bulwarks that form a well must be determined as follows:
- (1) If a vessel operates on exposed or partially protected waters, it must have at least 100 percent of the freeing port area derived from table 171.150.
- (2) If a vessel operates only on protected or partially protected waters and complies with the requirements in the following sections for a vessel that operates on exposed waters, it must have at least 50 percent of the freeing port area derived from table 171.150:
- (i) The intact stability requirements of §171.030 or 171.050 and §171.170.
- (ii) The subdivision requirements of §171.040, 171.043, or 171.070.
- (iii) The damage stability requirements of $\S 171.080$.
- (3) If a vessel operates only on protected waters, the freeing port area must be at least equal to the scupper area required by §171.145(d) for a cockpit of the same size.
- (c) The freeing ports must be located to allow rapid clearing of water in all probable conditions of list and trim.